



- NRAS represents a member of the RAS protein family that is involved in EGFR signalling
- Mutations in NRAS are found in a variety of human tumors
- In colorectal cancer (CRC) NRAS is mutated at a total frequency of approximately 3%
- Recent data suggest that NRAS mutations predict a lack of response to panitumumab and cetuximab therapy

| Cancer | Target | Therapeutic | Oncogene | Outcome | |
|--------------------------|--------|-------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Metastatic colorectal | EGFR | Panitumumab | <i>NRAS</i> wildtype | Tumor remission | |
| cancer | EGFN | Cetuximab | NRAS mutated | Tumor progression | |

The Assay

- Simple protocol for complex diagnostic questions
- Manual or automated processing
- No expensive lab equipment required
- Ready-to-use reagents
- CE-labeled complete kit



NRAS

NRAS and KRAS are members of the RAS oncoprotein family that act as MAPK signaling pathway GTPases downstream of the Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor (EGFR). Activating KRAS mutations predict a lack of response to anti-EGFR monoclonal antibody therapies (cetuximab or panitumumab) in colorectal cancer (CRC) patients. KRAS and NRAS mutations are mutually exclusive.

In the Panitumumab Randomized Trial in Combination with Chemotherapy for Metastatic Colorectal Cancer to Determine Efficacy (PRIME) study, *NRAS* mutations were detected in a fraction of *KRAS* wildtype CRC tumors. The published data suggest that *NRAS* mutations, in addition to *KRAS* mutations, predict a lack of response to anti-EGFR therapy in metastatic CRC patients.

The NRAS StripAssay® detects the following mutations: Codon p.G12A (c.35G>C), p.G12C (c.34G>T), p.G12D (c.35G>A), p.G12S (c.34G>A), p.G12V (c.35G>T), p.G13D (c.38G>A), p.G13R (c.37G>C), p.G13V (c.38G>T), p.Q61H (c.183A>T), p.Q61K (c.181C>A), p.Q61L (c.182A>T), p.Q61R (c.182A>G)

| Mutations detected | Codon 12 | | | Codon 13 | | | Codon 61 | | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------|-----|-----|----------|-----|-----|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | Ala | Cys | Asp | Ser | Val | Asp | Arg | Val | His | Lys | Leu | Arg |
| NRAS StripAssay® 5-610 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |

The three steps of the ViennaLab NRAS StripAssay®

| Step | Requirement | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|--|
| 1. Amplification: Multiplex PCR. Simultaneous biotin-labelling | Thermocycler | | |
| 2. Hybridization: Directly on the StripAssay® teststrips | Incubator | | |
| 3. Identification: Labeled products detected by streptavidin-alkaline phosphatase | Naked eye or scanner & software | | |

Cat.no.: NRAS StripAssay® 5-610 (20 tests/kit)

ViennaLab offers StripAssays® for a wide range of diagnostic applications. Visit www.viennalab.com

Manufacturer: ViennaLab Diagnostics GmbH

Gaudenzdorfer Gürtel 43–45 A-1120 Vienna, Austria Phone: (+43-1) 8120156-0

Fax: (+43-1) 8120156-19 info@viennalab.com



